

Office of International Student Programs & Services

Change to F-1 Status Guide (April 2018)

Overview

If your original reason for coming to the United States changes, you may be required to change your nonimmigrant status to a different one before you lawfully begin to engage in the activities you want to pursue. See 8 CFR § 248.1(c).

Eligibility

A nonimmigrant is eligible to change to an F-1 status in the following circumstances:

I do not currently have a C, D, K, M, or S visa.

I am not in the United States under the visa waiver program.

If I am currently in J-1 status, I am not subject to a 2-year home country residency requirement.

To Apply

Schedule an appointment with an international student advisor. Be sure to bring:

1. Completed Form I-539 found [here](#) (type answers and save as PDF)
2. A credit card to pay I-901 fee (SEVIS fee) found [here](#)
3. Current I-94 printout found [here](#). If you entered the U.S. before May 2013, the card is likely stapled inside your passport
4. Current, valid passport
5. Current, valid visa stamp (inside passport, unless stamped in old passport)
6. Evidence of financial support sufficient to meet expenses detailed on I-20
7. Truthful written statement (type and save file to bring with you) to USCIS explaining why you want to become a student after arriving to the U.S. in another visa category and why you deserve a change of status. You must establish that your original intention for entering the U.S. was not to become a st 308.8154 (rbWB8.02s56pan Kang (en)MCID 2